

International Indian School, Buraidah

Class: 8th

Subject: G.K.

Worksheet - 1

1. Multiple Choice Questions:

1. How many UNESCO World Heritage Sites does India have?

- a) 35
- b) 40
- c) **44**
- d) 50

2. Which UNESCO site is famous for its unique combination of culture and nature?

- a) Ajanta Caves
- b) **Khangchendzonga National Park**
- c) Sun Temple
- d) Nalanda Mahavihara

3. Which is India's first Biosphere Reserve?

- a) **Nilgiri**
- b) Sundarbans
- c) Pachmarhi
- d) Great Nicobar

4. The Mahabodhi Temple is associated with:

- a) **Buddha's Enlightenment**
- b) Buddha's birth
- c) Buddha's first journey
- d) Buddha's death

5. Nirmal Toys originated in which state?

- a) Karnataka
- b) **Telangana**
- c) Bihar
- d) Gujarat

6. Which embroidery is associated with West Bengal and Odisha?

- a) **Kantha**
- b) Phulkari
- c) Kasuti
- d) Chikankari

7. Which traditional practice is said to improve flexibility, posture and concentration?

- a) **Yoga**
- b) Eating seasonal food
- c) Namaste
- d) Walking barefoot

8. Which organisation was founded in 1945?

- a) G20
- b) BRICS
- c) **United Nations**
- d) ASEAN

9. Which organisation works for children's health, education and safety?

- a) **UNICEF**
- b) IMF
- c) G20
- d) NATO

10. Which agency is responsible for India's external intelligence?

- a) IB
- b) **RAW**
- c) CIA
- d) FSB

2. Fill in the blanks:

1. The **Sundarbans** Biosphere Reserve is famous for its Royal Bengal Tigers.
2. The Valley of Flowers is part of the **Nanda Devi** Biosphere Reserve.
3. The **Pachmarhi** Biosphere Reserve is located in Madhya Pradesh.
4. The Golden Temple Tibetan monastery at Bylakuppe is also known as **Namdroling** Monastery.

5. **Kashmir** toys are made from walnut wood.
6. Traditional toys made from Sikki grass come from **Bihar**.
7. **Phulkari** embroidery is famous for its bright floral patterns.
8. Using copper utensils is considered beneficial because copper has **antimicrobial** properties.
9. Foods grown during their natural season are called **seasonal** foods.
10. The traditional Indian greeting mentioned in the chapter is **Namaste**.

3. True or False:

- | | |
|--|--------------|
| 1. India has both cultural and natural UNESCO World Heritage Sites. | True |
| 2. The Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve extends across Tamil Nadu, Kerala and Karnataka. | True |
| 3. The Sundarbans Biosphere Reserve is located in West Bengal. | True |
| 4. Great Nicobar Biosphere Reserve is located in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands. | True |
| 5. Channapatna toys are famous for their non-toxic dyes. | True |
| 6. Chikankari is a traditional embroidery of Uttar Pradesh. | True |
| 7. Yoga can help reduce stress. | True |
| 8. Natural colours used during festivals are biodegradable. | True |
| 9. UNESCO mainly works for children's health and safety. | False |
| 10. The UN Security Council is responsible for maintaining international peace and security. | True |

5. Identify the Following:

1. **The UNESCO World Heritage Site in Maharashtra famous for ancient rock-cut caves.**

Ans. Ajanta Caves

2. **The famous monastery in Dehradun built to promote Buddhist culture.**

Ans. Mindrolling Monastery

3. **The colourful Rajasthani folk dance in which performers move like snakes.**

Ans. Kalbelia Dance

4. **Assam's spring festival celebrated at the beginning of the farming season.**

Ans. Rangoli Bihu

5. **The organisation that works to preserve culture, education and heritage sites worldwide.**

Ans. UNESCO

6. Answer in One Word:

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| 1. Which city is famous for the Mahabodhi Temple? | Gaya |
| 2. Which state is associated with Nirmal Toys? | Telangana |
| 3. Which state is famous for Phulkari? | Punjab |
| 4. Which agency of the USA is mentioned among the world's intelligence agencies? | CIA |
| 5. Which global organisation focuses on world health? | WHO |

Prepared by: Nausheen Ghazala
